# Activated alumina, Pseudoboehmite & Molecular sieve

**Quality and advanced Technology** 

# Zibo XiangRun Environment Engineering Co., Ltd

No.16, Hi-Tech Industrial Park, Development Zone, Zibo City, Shandong Province 255000, P. R. China

Tel.: 86-533-3037068 Fax: 86-533-3037069

Email: international@xradsorbent.com

Website: www.aluminaadsorbents.com







#### **Catalyst & Adsorbent**

# Why Choose Xiangrun?

Zibo XiangRun Environment Engineering Co., Ltd is a leading adsorbent ,desiccant and catalyst manufacturer in China and world. Our company was established in 2010, located in Zibo, Shandong. We manufacture activated alumina, Potassium permanganate alumina, pseudoboehmite alumina and alumina balls products. And we invest in the biggest molecular sieve factory In China.

Our group offers exceptional expertise in the development of technology. XiangRun can blend the perfect bulk mixture to solve your oxygen and moisture control issues. Our products pass ISO9001:2008 and SGS certificate.

Over the past years, we have established business relationships with many famous companies worldwide, including the China National Petroleum Cooperation, Sinopec, and the Petrochemical Industry Company. Our products are reliable and highly popular with customers from Germany, Britain, Kuwait, Saudi Arabia, Iran, Syria, Jordan, South Korea, New Zealand, Thailand, Indonesia, the Philippines, and many other countries.

#### **Products Type**

- \* Activated alumina Desiccant \* Activated alumina for Hydrogen Peroxide \* Activated alumina for sulfur recovery
- \* Activated alumina catalyst carrier \* Activated alumina ball for defluorination agent
- > \* Activated alumina for removal of chloride \* Activated alumina powder
- \* Catalyst
- \* Impregnated activated alumina
- \* Molecular Sieve 13X \* Molecular 5A \* Molecular 4A \* Molecular 3A \* Molecular sieve powder
- \* Pseudo boehmite
- \* Alumina balls

Learn more about desiccant and more alumina products details , please email or call us. Our expert staff are happy to answer any questions you may have – just call us or e-mail us to ask.



<u>el:86-533-3037068</u>

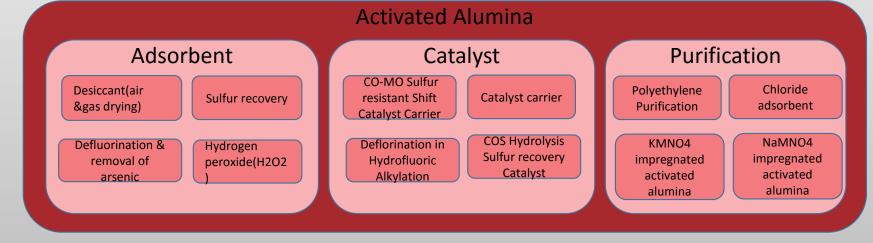
#### Xiangrun's Activated alumina

#### **Activated Alumina**

Activated alumina is a high-surface-area, highly porous form of aluminum oxide. It can adsorb gases and liquids without changing its form. It works as a desiccant through adsorption. As air passes through the alumina, the water in the air sticks it and becomes trapped and air that passes through an activated alumina filter is dried out. Even if immersed in a liquid,AA won't fall apart or soften. You can restore the original adsorption efficiency of activated alumina by heating it to any temperature from 350° to 600° F (177° to 316° C). When the desiccant is heated as described above, the water stored in it is released. This means that filters with AA can be reused over and over again.

#### **Available Types of Activated Alumina**

Activated alumina has several applications, like desiccant, catalyst carrier, sulfur recovery, and others. After adding Different additive, activated alumina is used for catalyst and purification, like dechlorination agent, polyethylene purification And others.

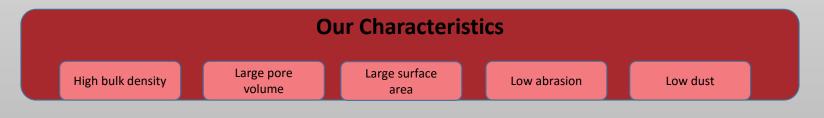




## **Activated alumina**

#### Technical data for adsorbent

| Technical Parameter               |                                  |   |                          |                        |                        |   |  |  |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|--------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---|--|--|
| Appearance                        |                                  | white, sphere, odourless, insoluble in water, innocuous |                          |                        |                        |   |  |  |
| Application                       |                                  | Adsorbent   | defluorination           | adsorption H2O2        | catalyst carrier       | Dehydrating and drying in<br>air separation |  |  |
| Tipo de crist                     | Tipo de cristal                  |   | х-р                      | У                      | У                      | х-р   |  |  |
| shamical Composition              | Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> % | ≥93   | ≥93                      | ≥93                    | ≥93                    | ≥93   |  |  |
| chemical Composition              | Na <sub>2</sub> O %              | ≤0.40   | ≤0.3                     | 0.3-1.0                | ≤0.35                  | ≤0.4  |  |  |
| LOI                               | %                                | 6-8   | 6-8                      | ≤8                     | ≤5                     | 6-8   |  |  |
| Bulk density                      | g/ml                             | ≥0.75   | ≥0.75                    | 0.65-0.8               | 0.45-0.95              | ≥0.75                                       |  |  |
| Surface area                      | m/̇́g                            | ≥320  | ≥300                     | 250-280                | 10-380                 | ≥350  |  |  |
| Pore Volume                       | ml/g                             | ≥0.42   | ≥0.40                    | 0.40-0.46              | ≥0.45                  | ≥0.42                                       |  |  |
| Satic<br>Adsorption(RH=60%)       | %                                | water adsorption<br>17-19                               | Fluorine adsorption 0.12 | water adsorption<br>50 | water adsorption<br>50 | water adsorption 17-19                      |  |  |
| Active                            | %                                |   |                          | 56-62                  |                        |   |  |  |
| Attrition Loss                    | %                                | ≤1.0  |                          |                        |                        | ≤0.8  |  |  |
| Crushing Strength<br>(N/Particle) | φ1-2mm                           | ≥50   | ≥40                      |                        |                        | ≥50   |  |  |
|                                   | φ2-3mm                           | ≥70   | ≥80                      | ≥80                    | ≥40                    | ≥70   |  |  |
|                                   | ф3-5mm                           | ≥160  | ≥120                     | ≥100                   | ≥60                    | ≥160  |  |  |
|                                   | ф4-6mm                           | ≥200  |                          | ≥130                   | ≥80                    | ≥200  |  |  |
|                                   | φ5-7mm                           | ≥240  |                          |                        |                        | ≥240  |  |  |
|                                   | ф6-8mm                           | ≥260  |                          |                        |                        | ≥260  |  |  |



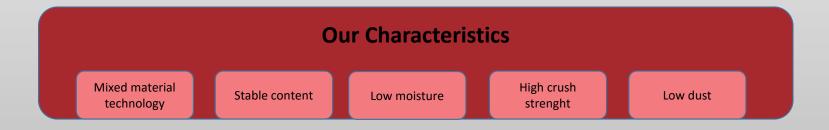
Email:info@xradsorbent.com

el:86-533-3037068

Website: www.aluminaadsorbents.com

#### Technical data for Impregnated activated alumina

| Item                               | Unit       | Technical requirement       |                             |                             |  |  |
|------------------------------------|------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Particle size                      | mm         | 2-4                         | 3-5                         | 4-6                         |  |  |
| AL <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>     | %          | ≥80                         | ≥80                         | ≥80                         |  |  |
| KMnO <sub>4</sub>                  | %          | 6-10                        | 6-10                        | 6-12                        |  |  |
| Bulk density                       | g/ml       | 0.85-0.9                    | 0.85-0.9                    | 0.85-0.9                    |  |  |
| Surface area                       | m²/g       | ≥250                        | ≥250                        | ≥250                        |  |  |
| Pore Volume                        | ml/g       | ≥0.42                       | ≥0.42                       | ≥0.42                       |  |  |
| Crushing Strength (N/Particle)     | N/particle | ≥50                         | ≥80                         | ≥100                        |  |  |
| Pressure Drop @ 50 fpm (0.25 m/s): |            | 1.0 in. of water/ft. of bed | 1.0 in. of water/ft. of bed | 1.0 in. of water/ft. of bed |  |  |
| H2S Capacity                       | g/ml       | 0.85-1.2                    | 0.85-1.2                    | 0.85-1.2                    |  |  |



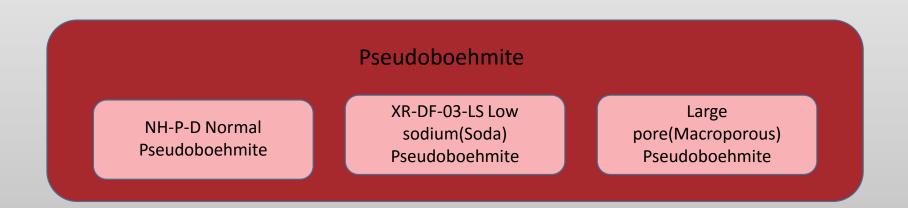
#### XiangRun's Pseudoboehmite

#### **Pseudoboehmite**

Pseudoboehmite alumina is also called pseudo boehmite, which is supplied as loosely agglomerated, easily dispersed, spray-dried powders (about 50 microns mean diameter) possessing high-purity, high surface area and low bulk density. Each Versal alumina particle is built from nominal 30 angstrom (3.0 nm) crystallites through a unique acid-base precipitation process using a proprietary reactor configuration that allows control of density, particle morphology, colloidal dispersibility and thermal conversion processes.

Pseudo boehmite is material of catalyst, binder, desiccant and their carrier. It used in nitrogen fertilizer, environmental protection, medicine, petrochemical industry, refractory and other industries, which is the most widely used material of catalyst and catalyst carrier.

#### **Available Types of Pseudoboehmite**





#### **Pseudoboehmite**

## **Technical data**

| Item                           | Unit | Mac       | roporous Pseudobo | Low sodium<br>Pseudoboehmite | Common<br>Pseudoboehmite |        |
|--------------------------------|------|-----------|-------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------|
|                                |      | NH-P-DF-1 | NH-P-DF-2         | NH-P-DF-3                    | XR-DF-03-LS<br>(NH-P-DF) | NH-P-D |
| Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> | %    | ≤0.015    | ≤0.015            | ≤0.015                       | ≤0.015                   | ≤0.015 |
| Na <sub>2</sub> O              | %    | ≤0.05     | ≤0.05             | ≤0.05                        | ≤0.1                     | ≤0.30  |
| SiO <sub>2</sub>               | %    | ≤0.2      | 1-2               | 2-4                          | ≤0.2                     | ≤0.2   |
| Bulk density                   | g/ml | ≤0.70     | ≤0.70             | ≤0.70                        | ≤0.70                    | ≤0.70  |
| Surface area                   | ml∕g | ≥320      | ≥320              | ≥380                         | ≥260                     | ≥260   |
| Pore Volume                    | ml/g | 0.85-0.95 | 0.9-1.0           | 1.0-1.2                      | ≥0.34                    | ≥0.34  |
| Dry basis                      | %    | ≥70       | ≥70               | ≥70                          | ≥70                      | ≥65    |
| impurity                       | %    | ≤3        | ≤3                | ≤3                           | ≤3                       | ≤3     |
| Peptizing index                | %    |           |                   |                              | ≥97                      | ≥97    |



#### **Alumina balls**

Our alumina ball(also called alumina ceramic ball) is made of  $\alpha$  alumina ( $\alpha$  aluminium oxide--the most thermodynamically stable form) by cool isostatic pressing and fired at a very high temperature in the tunnel kiln. Our alumina ball product series include: alumina grinding ball for grinding, alumina packing balls and inert alumina ball/ceramic ball for tower packing, catalyst bed support, column internals and catalyst carrier.

#### **Available Types of Alumina balls**





## **Alumina Balls**

#### **Technical data**

| Performance Index        | Grinding balls |       |         | Packing balls |       |  |  |
|--------------------------|----------------|-------|---------|---------------|-------|--|--|
| Particle Size            | 0.5·95mm       |       |         |               |       |  |  |
| Alumina (%)              | 92             | 95    | × 02    | ≥92           | ≥99   |  |  |
| Si2O3                    | ≤5             | ≤5    | > 92    | ≤5            | ≤5    |  |  |
| Fe2O3 ( % )              | ≤0.02          | ≤0.02 | <1%     | ≤0.23         | ≤0.04 |  |  |
| Hardness(Mosh)           | 9              | 9     | >6.5    | ≥9            | ≥9.5  |  |  |
| Water Absorption (%)     | ≤0.01          | ≤0.01 | <0.5    | ≤4            | ≤5    |  |  |
| Volume Density (g/cm3)   | ≥3.60          | ≥3.70 | 2.3-2.4 | ≥3.3          | ≥3.7  |  |  |
| Compression Strength MPa | ≥2000          | ≥2500 | -       | ≥2000         | ≥2500 |  |  |
| Abrasion(‰)              | ≤0.10          | ≤0.08 | _       | ≤0.10         | ≤0.10 |  |  |
| Color                    | White          | White | Grey    | White         | White |  |  |

#### **Our Characteristics**

high specific gravity and density

Low abrasion, corrosion resistance and wear resistance

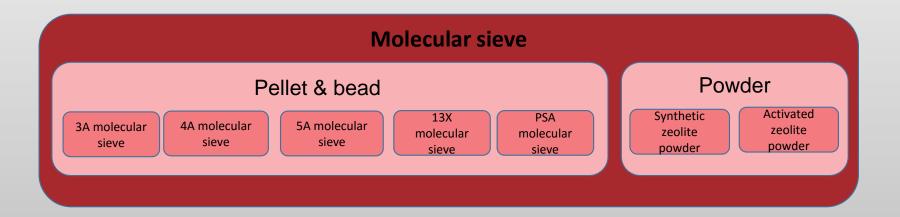
withstands high temperature

#### **Molecular Sieves**



Molecular sieve usually means zeolite molecular sieve, it is crystalline, highly porous materials, which belongs to the class of aluminosilicates. The crystals of molecular sieve is characterized by a three-dimensional pore system, with pores of precisely defined diameter. Molecular sieve adsorbent, this diameter is in the dimension of the size of molecules such as water, CO<sub>2</sub> and H<sub>2</sub>S.

## Available Types of Molecular sieve



#### **Molecular sieve**

# **Technical data- Simple**

| Durananta               | Unit                | Bead    |         | Pellet  |         | Nata           |
|-------------------------|---------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------------|
| Property                |                     | 8X12    | 4X8     | 1/16"   | 1/8"    | Note           |
| Static Water Adsorption | %wt                 | ≥ 21.00 | ≥ 21.00 | ≥ 20.00 | ≥ 20.00 | RH50% , 25℃    |
| Crush Strength          | N                   | ≥ 30.00 | ≥ 80.00 | ≥ 30.00 | ≥ 70.00 | Average 25 pcs |
| Crush Strength          | lbs                 | ≥ 7.00  | ≥ 18.00 | ≥ 7.00  | ≥16.00  | Average 25 pcs |
| Bulk Density            | g/ml                | ≥ 0.70  | ≥ 0.70  | ≥ 0.65  | ≥ 0.65  | Settled        |
| Bulk Density            | lbs/ft <sup>3</sup> | ≥ 43.00 | ≥ 43.00 | ≥ 40.00 | ≥ 40.00 | Settled        |
| Loss on Ignition        | %wt                 | ≤ 1.50  | ≤ 1.50  | ≤ 1.50  | ≤ 1.50  | 575°C,1hr      |
| Loss on Attritioin      | %wt                 | ≤ 0.10  | ≤ 0.10  | ≤ 0.30  | ≤ 0.30  |                |
| Particle Ratio          | %                   | ≥ 97.00 | ≥ 99.00 | ~       | ~       |                |



# Package & Loading













Email:info@xradsorbent.com

Website: www.aluminaadsorbents.com

# Thanks a lot for your visit!

We trust our best quality, best service, and competitive price could let our customers believe in us.

Zibo XiangRun Environment Engineering Co., Ltd

No.16, Hi-Tech Industrial Park, Development Zone, Zibo City,

Shandong Province 255000, P. R. China

Tel.: 86-533-3037068

Fax: 86-533-3037069

Cell phone: +86 13583393236

Whatsapp:86 13518630890

Skype: xradsorbent

Email: international@xradsorbent.com

http://www.aluminaadsorbents.com







